

# **RAJA N.L.KHAN WOMEN'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)**

## **Proposed scheme for CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)**

In

### **B.A. (HONOURS) POLITICAL SCIENCE**

#### LIST OF PAPERS AND COURSES

#### **A .CORE COURSE (14)**

##### **SEMESTER-I**

1.1 Paper I- Understanding Political Theory

1.2 Paper II- Constitutional Government and Democracy in India

##### **SEMESTER-II**

2.1 Paper III – Political Theory-Concepts and Debates

2.2 Paper IV- Classical Political Philosophy

##### **SEMESTER-III**

3.1 Paper V- Political Process in India

3.2 Paper VI –Political Sociology

3.3 Paper VII- Modern Political Philosophy

##### **SEMESTER-IV**

4.1 Paper VIII- Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics

4.2 Paper IX- Perspectives on International Relations and World History

4.3 Paper X- Indian Political Thought-I

## **SEMESTER-V**

5.1 Paper XI- Global Politics since 1945

5.2 Paper XII- Indian Political Thought-II

## **SEMESTER-VI**

6.1 Paper XIII- Perspectives on Public Administration

6.2 Paper XIV- Public Policy and Administration in India

### **B. Generic Elective-4 (Interdisciplinary)**

1. Nationalism in India
2. United Nations and Global Conflicts
3. Indian Nationalism and Social Movements
4. United Nations and Major Global Conflicts

### **C. Discipline Specific Elective-4 (DSE)**

1. Introduction to Human Rights
2. Human Rights Protection Acts in India
3. Nationalism in India
4. Indian Foreign Policy

### **D. Ability Enhancement -2 (AE SKILL BASED)**

1. Parliamentary Procedures in India
2. Democratic Awareness and Recent Legislations

## 1.1 Paper I- Understanding Political Theory

### I: Introducing Political Theory (30 Lectures)

1. What is Politics: Theorizing the 'Political'
2. Traditions of Political Theory: Liberal, Marxist, Anarchist and Conservative
3. Approaches to Political Theory: Normative, Historical and Empirical
4. Critical and Contemporary Perspectives in Political Theory: Feminist and Postmodern

### II: Political Theory and Practice (30 Lectures)

#### The Grammar of Democracy

1. Democracy: The history of an idea
2. Procedural Democracy and its critique
3. Deliberative Democracy
4. Participation and Representation

### Reading Reference:

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is Political Theory', in Bhargava, R and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman

Bellamy, R. (1993) 'Introduction: The Demise and Rise of Political Theory', in Bellamy, R. (ed.) Theories and Concepts of Politics. New York: Manchester University Press

Glaser, D. (1995) 'Normative Theory', in Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) Theory and Methods in Political Science. London: Macmillan,

Sanders, D. (1995) 'Behavioral Analysis', in Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) Theory and Methods in Political Science. London: Macmillan

Chapman, J. (1995) 'The Feminist Perspective', in Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) Theory and Methods in Political Science. London: Macmillan, pp. 94-114.

Bhargava, R, 'Why Do We Need Political Theory', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 17-36.

Bannett, J. (2004) 'Postmodern Approach to Political Theory', in Kukathas, Ch. and Gaus, G. F. (eds.) Handbook of Political Theory. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 46-54.

Vincent, A. (2004) The Nature of Political Theory. New York: Oxford University Press, 2004, pp. 19-80.

Srinivasan, J. (2008) 'Democracy', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 106-128.

Owen, D. (2003) 'Democracy', in Bellamy, R. and Mason, A. (eds.) Political Concepts. Manchester and New York: Manchester University Press, pp. 105-117.

Christiano, Th. (2008) 'Democracy', in Mckinnon, C. (ed.) Issues in Political Theory, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 80-96.

Arblaster, A. (1994) Democracy. (2nd Edition). Buckingham: Open University Press. Roy, A. 'Citizenship', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 130-146.

Brighouse, H. (2008) 'Citizenship', in Mckinnon, C. (ed.) Issues in Political Theory, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 241-258.

## **1.2 Paper II- Constitutional Government and Democracy in India**

### **I. The Constituent Assembly and the Constitution (16 lectures)**

a. Philosophy of the Constitution, the Preamble, and Features of the Constitution (2 weeks or 8 lectures)

b. Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles (2 weeks or 8 lectures)

### **II. Organs of Government (20 lectures)**

a. The Legislature: Parliament (1.5 weeks or 6 lectures)

b. The Executive: President and Prime Minister (2 weeks or 8 lectures)

c. The Judiciary: Supreme Court (1.5 weeks or 6 lectures)

### **III. Federalism and Decentralization (12 lectures)**

a. Federalism: Division of Powers, Emergency Provisions, Fifth and Sixth Schedules (2 weeks or 8 lectures)

b. Panchayati Raj and Municipalities (1 week or 4 lectures)

## READING REFERENCE

- G. Austin, (2010) 'The Constituent Assembly: Microcosm in Action', in *The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 15th print, pp.1-25.
- R. Bhargava, (2008) 'Introduction: Outline of a Political Theory of the Indian Constitution', in R. Bhargava (ed.) *Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-40.
- D. Basu, (2012) *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, New Delhi: Lexis Nexis. S. Chaube, (2009) *The Making and Working of the Indian Constitution*, Delhi: National Book Trust.
- G. Austin, (2000) 'The Social Revolution and the First Amendment', in *Working a Democratic Constitution*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 69-98.
- A. Sibal, (2010) 'From Niti to Nyaya,' *Seminar*, Issue 615, pp 28-34.
- B. Shankar and V. Rodrigues, (2011) 'The Changing Conception of Representation: Issues, Concerns and Institutions', in *The Indian Parliament: A Democracy at Work*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 105-173.
- V. Hewitt and S. Rai, (2010) 'Parliament', in P. Mehta and N. Jayal (eds.) *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 28-42.
- J. Manor, (2005) 'The Presidency', in D. Kapur and P. Mehta P. (eds.) *Public Institutions in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.105-127.
- J. Manor, (1994) 'The Prime Minister and the President', in B. Dua and J. Manor (eds.) *Nehru to the Nineties: The Changing Office of the Prime Minister in India*, Vancouver: University of British Columbia Press, pp. 20-47.
- H. Khare, (2003) 'Prime Minister and the Parliament: Redefining Accountability in the Age of Coalition Government', in A. Mehra and G. Kueck (eds.) *The Indian Parliament: A Comparative Perspective*, New Delhi: Konark, pp. 350-368.
- U. Baxi, (2010) 'The Judiciary as a Resource for Indian Democracy', *Seminar*, Issue 615, pp. 61-67.

- R. Ramachandran, (2006) 'The Supreme Court and the Basic Structure Doctrine' in B. Kirpal et.al (eds.) *Supreme but not Infallible: Essays in Honour of the Supreme Court of India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 107-133.
- M. Singh, and R. Saxena (eds.), (2011) 'Towards Greater Federalization,' in *Indian Politics: Constitutional Foundations and Institutional Functioning*, Delhi: PHI Learning Private Ltd., pp. 166-195.
- V. Marwah, (1995) 'Use and Abuse of Emergency Powers: The Indian Experience', in B. Arora and D. Verney (eds.) *Multiple Identities in a Single State: Indian Federalism in a Comparative Perspective*, Delhi: Konark, pp. 136-159.
- B. Sharma, (2010) 'The 1990s: Great Expectations'; 'The 2000s: Disillusionment Unfathomable', in *Unbroken History of Broken Promises: Indian State and Tribal People*, Delhi: Freedom Press and Sahyog Pustak Kuteer, pp. 64-91.
- R. Dhavan and R. Saxena, (2006) 'The Republic of India', in K. Roy, C. Saunders and J. Kincaid (eds.) *A Global Dialogue on Federalism, Volume 3*, Montreal: Queen's University Press, pp. 166-197.
- R. Manchanda, (2009) *The No Nonsense Guide to Minority Rights in South Asia*, Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. 105-109.
- P. deSouza, (2002) 'Decentralization and Local Government: The Second Wind of Democracy in India', in Z. Hasan, E. Sridharan and R. Sudarshan (eds.) *India's Living Constitution: Ideas, Practices and Controversies*, New Delhi: Permanent Black, pp. 370-404.
- M. John, (2007) 'Women in Power? Gender, Caste and Politics of Local Urban Governance', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 42(39), pp. 3986-3993.
- Raghunandan, J. R (2012) *Decentralization and local governments: The Indian Experience*, Orient Black Swan, New Delhi
- Baviskar, B.S and George Mathew (eds) 2009 *Inclusion and Exclusion in local governance: Field Studies from rural India*, New Delhi, Sage.

## **2.1 Paper III – Political Theory-Concepts and Debates**

### **Section A: Core Concepts**

#### **I. Importance of Freedom (10 Lectures)**

- a) Negative Freedom: Liberty
- b) Positive Freedom: Freedom as Emancipation and Development Important Issue: Freedom of belief, expression and dissent

#### **II. Significance of Equality (12 lectures)**

- a) Formal Equality: Equality of opportunity
- b) Political equality
- c) Egalitarianism: Background inequalities and differential treatment Important Issue: Affirmative action

#### **III. Indispensability of Justice (12 Lectures)**

- a) Procedural Justice
- b) Distributive Justice
- c) Global Justice Important Issue: Capital punishment

#### **IV. The Universality of Rights (13 Lectures)**

- a) Natural Rights
- b) Moral and Legal Rights
- c) Three Generations of Rights
- d) Rights and Obligations Important Issue: Rights of the girl child Section

#### **B: Major Debates (13 Lectures)**

- I. Why should we obey the state? Issues of political obligation and civil disobedience.
- II. Are human rights universal? Issue of cultural relativism. III. How do we accommodate diversity in plural society? Issues of multiculturalism and toleration.

## Reading Reference

- Importance of Freedom Riley, Jonathan. (2008) 'Liberty' in Mckinnon, Catriona (ed.) Issues in Political Theory, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 103-119.
- Knowles, Dudley. (2001) Political Philosophy. London: Routledge, pp. 69- 132. Swift, Adam. (2001) Political Philosophy: A Beginners Guide for Student's and Politicians. Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 51-88.
- Carter, Ian. (2003) 'Liberty', in Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew (eds.). Political Concepts. Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 4-15.
- Sethi, Aarti. (2008) 'Freedom of Speech and the Question of Censorship', in Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 308-319
- Swift, Adam. (2001) Political Philosophy: A Beginners Guide for Student's and Politicians. Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 91-132.
- Casal, Paula & William, Andrew. (2008) 'Equality', in McKinnon, Catriona. (ed.) Issues in Political Theory. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 149- 165.
- Acharya, Ashok. (2008) 'Affirmative Action', in Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 298-307.
- Menon, Krishna. (2008) 'Justice', in Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 74-86.
- Wolf, Jonathan. (2008) 'Social Justice', in McKinnon, Catriona. (ed.) Issues in Political Theory. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 172-187.
- Knowles, Dudley. (2001) Political Philosophy. London: Routledge, pp. 177-238.
- McKinnon, Catriona. (ed.) (2008) Issues in Political Theory. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 289-305.
- Bedau, Hugo Adam. (2003) 'Capital Punishment', in LaFollette, Hugh (ed.). The Oxford Handbook of Practical Ethics. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 705-733.
- Seglow, Jonathan. (2003) 'Multiculturalism' in Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew (eds.). Political Concepts. Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 156-168.
- Tulkdar, P.S. (2008) 'Rights' in Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 88-104.
- McKinnon, Catriona. (2003) 'Rights', in Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew. (eds.) Political Concepts. Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 16-27.



Menlowe, M.A. (1993) 'Political Obligations', in Bellamy Richard.(ed.) Theories and Concepts of Politics. New York: Manchester University Press, pp. 174-194.

Amoah, Jewel. (2007) 'The World on Her Shoulders: The Rights of the Girl-Child in the Context of Culture & Identity', in Essex Human Rights Review, 4(2), pp. 1-23.

Working Group on the Girl Child (2007), A Girl's Right to Live: Female Foeticide and Girl Infanticide, available on [http://www.crin.org/docs/Girl's\\_infanticide\\_CSW\\_2007](http://www.crin.org/docs/Girl's_infanticide_CSW_2007).

Hyums, Keith. (2008) 'Political Authority and Obligation', in Mckinnon, Catriona. (ed.) Issues in Political Theory, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 9-26

Martin, Rex. (2003) 'Political Obligation', in Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew. (eds.) Political Concepts, Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 41-51.

Campbell, Tom. (2008) 'Human Rights' in Mckinnon, Catriona. (ed.) Issues in Political Theory. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 194-210.

Mookherjee, Monica, 'Multiculturalism', in Mckinnon, Catriona. (ed.) Issues in Political Theory. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 218- 234.

Seglow, Jonathan, 'Multiculturalism', in Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew. (eds.) Political Concepts, Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 156-168.

## **2.2 Paper IV- Classical Political Philosophy**

### **I. Text and Interpretation (2 weeks)**

#### **II. Antiquity**

##### **Plato (2 weeks)**

Philosophy and Politics, Theory of Forms, Justice, Philosopher King/Queen, Communism  
Presentation theme: Critique of Democracy; Women and Guardianship, Censorship

##### **Aristotle (2 weeks)**

Forms, Virtue, Citizenship, Justice, State and Household Presentation themes: Classification of governments; man as zoon politikon

**III. Interlude:**

**Machiavelli (2 weeks)**

Virtu, Religion, Republicanism Presentation themes: morality and statecraft; vice and virtue

**IV. Possessive Individualism Hobbes (2 weeks)**

Human nature, State of Nature, Social Contract, State Presentation themes: State of nature; social contract; Leviathan; atomistic individuals.

**Locke (2 weeks)**

Laws of Nature, Natural Rights, Property, Presentation themes: Natural rights; right to dissent; justification of property

**READING REFERENCE**

T. Ball, (2004) 'History and Interpretation' in C. Kukathas and G. Gaus, (eds.) Handbook of Political Theory, London: Sage Publications Ltd. pp. 18-30.

B. Constant, (1833) 'The Liberty of the Ancients Compared with that of the Moderns', in D. Boaz, (ed), (1997) The Libertarian Reader, New York: The Free Press. Additional Readings: J. Coleman, (2000) 'Introduction', in A History of Political Thought: From Ancient Greece to Early Christianity, Oxford: Blackwell Publishers, pp. 1-20.

Q. Skinner, (2010) 'Preface', in The Foundations of Modern Political Thought Volume I, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press pp. ix-xv.

A. Skoble and T. Machan, (2007) Political Philosophy: Essential Selections. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 9-32.

R. Kraut, (1996) 'Introduction to the study of Plato', in R. Kraut (ed.) The Cambridge Companion to Plato. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-50.

C. Reeve, (2009) 'Plato', in D. Boucher and P. Kelly, (eds) Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 62-80

S. Okin, (1992) 'Philosopher Queens and Private Wives', in S. Okin Women in Western Political Thought, Princeton: Princeton University Press, pp. 28-50

R. Kraut, (1996) 'The Defence of Justice in Plato's Republic', in R. Kraut (ed.) The Cambridge Companion to Plato. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 311-337

- T. Saunders, (1996) 'Plato's Later Political Thought', in R. Kraut (ed.) *The Cambridge Companion to Plato*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 464-492.
- A. Skoble and T. Machan, (2007) *Political Philosophy: Essential Selections*. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 53-64.
- T. Burns, (2009) 'Aristotle', in D. Boucher, and P. Kelly, (eds) *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp.81-99
- C. Taylor, (1995) 'Politics', in J. Barnes (ed.), *The Cambridge Companion to Aristotle*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 232-258
- J. Coleman, (2000) 'Aristotle', in J. Coleman *A History of Political Thought: From Ancient Greece to Early Christianity*, Oxford: Blackwell Publishers, pp.120-186
- D. Hutchinson, (1995) 'Ethics', in J. Barnes, (ed.), *The Cambridge Companion to Aristotle* Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 195-232.
- A. Skoble and T. Machan, (2007) *Political Philosophy: Essential Selections*. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 124-130
- Q. Skinner, (2000) 'The Adviser to Princes', in *Machiavelli: A Very Short Introduction*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 23-53
- J. Femia, (2009) 'Machiavelli', in D. Boucher, and P. Kelly, (eds) *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 163-184
- Q. Skinner, (2000) 'The Theorist of Liberty', in *Machiavelli: A Very Short Introduction*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 54-87.
- A. Skoble and T. Machan, (2007) *Political Philosophy: Essential Selections*. New Delhi: Pearson Education pp. 131-157.
- D. Baumgold, (2009) 'Hobbes', in D. Boucher and P. Kelly (eds) *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 189-206.
- C. Macpherson (1962) *The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism: Hobbes to Locke*. Oxford University Press, Ontario, pp. 17-29.
- I. Hampsher-Monk, (2001) 'Thomas Hobbes', in *A History of Modern Political Thought: Major Political Thinkers from Hobbes to Marx*, Oxford: Blackwell Publishers, pp. 1-67.
- A. Ryan, (1996) 'Hobbes's political philosophy', in T. Sorell, (ed.) *Cambridge Companion to Hobbes*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 208-245.

A. Skoble and T. Machan, (2007) Political Philosophy: Essential Selections. New Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 181-209.

J. Waldron, (2009) 'John Locke', in D. Boucher and P. Kelly, (eds) Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 207-224

C. Macpherson, (1962) The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism: Hobbes to Locke. Oxford University Press, Ontario, pp. 194-214.

R. Ashcraft, (1999) 'Locke's Political Philosophy', in V. Chappell (ed.) The Cambridge Companion to Locke, Cambridge. Cambridge University Press, pp. 226-251.

### **3.1 Paper V- Political Process in India**

#### **I. Political Parties and the Party System (1.5 weeks or 6 lectures)**

Trends in the Party System; From the Congress System to Multi-Party Coalitions

#### **II. Determinants of Voting Behaviour (2 weeks or 8 lectures)**

Caste, Class, Gender and Religion

#### **III. Regionalism in Indian Politics (1 weeks or 4 lectures)**

#### **IV. Religion and Politics (2 weeks or 8 lectures)**

Indian Secularism; factors leading to the rise of communalism

#### **V. Caste and Politics (1.5 weeks or 6 lectures)**

Caste in Politics and the Politicization of Caste

#### **VI. New Social Movements since 1970s: Environmental Movements, Women's Movement and Human Rights Movements. (3 weeks or 12 lectures)**

#### READING REFERENCE

I. Political Parties and the Party System: Trends in the Party System; From the Congress System to Multi-Party Coalitions

R. Kothari, (2002) 'The Congress System', in Z. Hasan (ed.) *Parties and Party Politics in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp 39-55. E. Sridharan, (2012) 'Introduction: Theorizing Democratic Consolidation, Parties and Coalitions', in *Coalition Politics and Democratic Consolidation in Asia*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Y. Yadav and S. Palshikar, (2006) 'Party System and Electoral Politics in the Indian States, 1952-2002: From Hegemony to Convergence', in P. deSouza and E. Sridharan (eds.) *India's Political Parties*, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. 73-115.

## 20 II. Determinants of Voting Behaviour: Caste, Class, Gender and Religion

Y. Yadav, (2000) 'Understanding the Second Democratic Upsurge', in F. Frankel, Z. Hasan, and R. Bhargava (eds.) *Transforming India: Social and Political Dynamics in Democracy*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 120-145.

C. Jaffrelot, (2008) 'Why Should We Vote? The Indian Middle Class and the Functioning of World's Largest Democracy', in *Religion, Caste and Politics in India*, Delhi: Primus, pp. 604-619.

R. Deshpande, (2004) 'How Gendered was Women's Participation in Elections 2004?', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 39, No. 51, pp. 5431-5436.

S. Kumar, (2009) 'Religious Practices Among Indian Hindus,' *Japanese Journal of Political Science*, Vol. 10, No. 3, pp. 313-332.

M. Chadda, (2010) 'Integration through Internal Reorganisation', in S. Baruah (ed.) *Ethnonationalism in India: A Reader*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 379-402.

P. Brass, (1999) 'Crisis of National Unity: Punjab, the Northeast and Kashmir', in *The Politics of India Since Independence*, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press and Foundation Books, pp.192-227.

T. Pantham, (2004) 'Understanding Indian Secularism: Learning from its Recent Critics', in R. Vora and S. Palshikar (eds.) *Indian Democracy: Meanings and Practices*, New Delhi: Sage, pp. 235-256.

N. Menon and A. Nigam, (2007) 'Politics of Hindutva and the Minorities', in *Power and Contestation: India since 1989*, London: Fernwood Publishing, Halifax and Zed Books, pp.36-60.

N. Chandhoke, (2010) 'Secularism', in P. Mehta and N. Jayal (eds.) *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 333-346.

R. Kothari, (1970) 'Introduction', in *Caste in Indian Politics*, Delhi: Orient Longman, pp.3-25. M. Weiner, (2001) 'The Struggle for Equality: Caste in Indian Politics', in Atul Kohli (ed.) *The Success of India's Democracy*, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, pp. 193-225.

G. Omvedt, (2002) 'Ambedkar and After: The Dalit Movement in India', in G. Shah (ed.) *Social Movements and the State*, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. 293-309.

M. Galanter, (2002) 'The Long Half-Life of Reservations', in Z. Hasan, E. Sridharan and R. Sudarshan (eds.) India's Living Constitution: Ideas, Practices, Controversies, New Delhi: Permanent Black, pp. 306-318.

C. Jaffrelot, (2005) 'The Politics of the OBCs', in Seminar, Issue 549, pp. 41-45.

M. John, (2011) 'The Politics of Quotas and the Women's Reservation Bill in India', in M. Tsujimura and J. Steele (eds.) Gender Equality in Asia, Japan: Tohoku University Press, pp. 169-

## **3.2 Paper VI – Political Sociology**

- 1. Emergence of Political Sociology, Sociology of Politics and Political Sociology.**
- 2. State and Civil Society: meaning and inter- relationship.**
- 3: Political Culture: meaning, components and types.**
- 4. Political Socialization: meaning, role and agencies**
- 5. Social Stratification and Politics: caste, tribe, class, elites.**
- 6. Gender and Politics: basic issues.**
- 7. Religion and Politics: various perspectives.**
- 8. Political Process: Political Participation, Political Mobilization and Political Communication.**
- 9. Electorate and Electoral Behavior (with spl. Reference to India)**
- 10. Political development and Social change.**

### READING LIST

Tom Bottomore : Political Sociology

Amal Kumar Mukhopadhyay : : Political Sociology

S. Chakraborty (ed) ; : Political Sociology

Tom Bottomore : Class in Modern Society

B. Lindenfeld (ed) : Reader in Political Sociology

Pradip Basu (ed) : : Political Sociology

J. Forbes : Women in Modern India

### **3.3. Paper VII- Modern Political Philosophy**

#### **I. Modernity and its discourses (8 lectures)**

This section will introduce students to the idea of modernity and the discourses around modernity. Two essential readings have been prescribed.

#### **II. Jean Jacques Rousseau (4 Lectures)**

General Will; local or direct democracy; self-government; origin of inequality.

#### **III. Bentham –Utilitarianism (1 week or 4 Lectures)**

#### **IV. John Stuart Mill (1 week or 4 Lectures)**

Liberty, suffrage and subjection of women, right of minorities; utility principle.

#### **V. Hegel- Civil Society and State (1 week or 4 Lectures)**

#### **VI. T.H. Green- Freedom and Obligation (1 week or 4 Lectures)**

#### **VII. Karl Marx- Alienation; difference with other kinds of materialism; class struggle (2week or 8 Lectures)**

#### **VIII. Varieties of Non- Marxist Socialism: Fabianism , Syndicalism ,Guild Socialism (2week or 8 Lectures )**

#### **IX. Post Marxism: Emergence and Basic Contentions (1week or 4 Lectures)**

#### **Reading Reference:**

A. Skoble and T. Machan: Political Philosophy: Essential Selections.

D. Boucher and P. Kelly, (eds) Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present

G. H. Sabine and T.I. Thorson: A History of Political Theory.

D. Boucher and P. Kelly: Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present.

S. Mukherjee and S. Ramaswamy: A history of political Thought: From Plato to Marx.

R.G. Gettell: History of Political Thought.

Q. Skinner: The Foundations of Modern Political Thought (2 Volumes).

A.K. Mukhopadhyay: Western Political Thought: from Plato to Marx.

C.E.M. Joad: Political Theory

- L. Kolakowski: Main Currents of Marxism (3 Volumes).  
 D.K. Das and T. Chattopadhyay: Varieties of Socialism.  
 D. McLellan: The Thought of Karl Marx.  
 D. McLellan: Marxism after Marx. 14  
 S. Mukherjee and S. Ramaswamy: A History of Socialist Thought.  
 Frankfurt School: Internet Encyclopedia of Philosophy, <http://www.iep.utm.edu/frankfur>

## 4.1 Paper VIII - Comparative Government and Politics

### I. Distinction between Comparative Government and Comparative Politics

Majors Approaches to the study of Comparative Politics – Institutional Approach (Dominant Schools : Systems Approach and Structural Functional Approach) Limitations

### II. Classification of Political System; nature of Liberal and Socialist Political Systems

Distinguish features – Conventions , Rule of Law(U.K); Separation of Power, Check and Balances, Judicial Review(U.S.A); Democratic Centralism (PRC); Referendum, Initiative(Switzerland)

Political Parties : Typology, Features and Roles (UK, USA, PRC, Switzerland)

Interest Groups : Roles (UK & USA)

### III. Unitary System : UK, PRC ; Federal System : USA, Switzerland

IV. Legislature in UK, USA, Switzerland and PRC (Composition & Functions); Committee System in UK & USA

Executive in UK, USA, Switzerland and PRC

Judiciary in UK, USA, Switzerland and PRC (with focus on the Procuratorate) : Comparative Study

### V. Rights of the Citizens of UK, USA, Switzerland and PRC : A Comparative Study

#### Reading Reference:

Gabriel Almond et al eds.: Comparative Politics Today: A World View (latest edition).

J. Kopstein and M. Lichbach (eds.) Comparative Politics:Interest, Identities and Institutions in a Changing Global Order.

Subrata Mukherjee and S. Ramaswamy: Theoretical Foundations of Comparative Politics.



J. Bara and M Pennington eds.: Comparative Politics

J. Kopstein and H. Lichbach eds. : Comparative Politics.

J. Harvey and S. Bather: The British Constitution.

J. Wilson: American Government

S.E. Finer: Comparative Government.

J. Blondel: An Introduction to Comparative Politics. The Constitution of People's Republic of China.

J. Gittings: China Changes Face: The Road from Revolution 1949-89.

S. Boyron: The Constitution of France: A Contextual Analysis.

M. Burgess: Comparative Federalism: Theory and Practice.

J. McCormick, Jr.: Comparative Politics in Transition.

R. Chatterjee: Introduction to Comparative Political Analysis.

N.K. Singh: Bangladesh--- Constitution, Law and Justice.

J. Henderson: Constitution of the Russian Federation: A Contextual Analysis.

S. P. Huntington: The Third Wave: Democratization in the Late Twentieth Century.

M. Duverger: Political Parties. 10

## **4.2 Paper-IX -Perspectives on International Relations and World History**

### **A. Studying International Relations (15 Lectures)**

- i. How do you understand International Relations: Levels of Analysis (3 lectures)
- ii. History and IR: Emergence of the International State System (2 Lectures)
- iii. Pre-Westphalia and Westphalia (5 lectures)
- iv. Post-Westphalia (5 lectures)

### **B. Theoretical Perspectives (25 Lectures)**

- i. Classical Realism & Neo-Realism (6 lectures)
- ii. Liberalism & Neo liberalism (5 lectures)
- iii. Marxist Approaches (5 lectures)
- iv. Feminist Perspectives (4 lectures)

v. Eurocentricism and Perspectives from the Global South (5 Lectures)

**C. An Overview of Twentieth Century IR History (20 Lectures)**

i. World War I: Causes and Consequences (1 Lecture)

ii. Significance of the Bolshevik Revolution (1 Lecture)

iii. Rise of Fascism / Nazism (2 Lectures)

iv. World War II: Causes and Consequences (3 Lectures)

v. Cold War: Different Phases (4 Lectures)

vi. Emergence of the Third World (3 Lectures)

vii. Collapse of the USSR and the End of the Cold War (2 Lectures)

viii. Post Cold War Developments and Emergence of Other Power Centers of Power (4 Lectures)

**Reading Reference:**

M. Nicholson, *International Relations: A Concise Introduction*, New York: Palgrave.

Jackson and G. Sorensen, *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*, 3rd Edition.

Joshua. Goldstein and J. Pevehouse, (2007) *International Relations*.

C. Brown and K. Ainley, (2009) *Understanding International Relations*

H.J. Morgenthau: *Politics among Nations*.

K. Booth and S. Smith, (eds), *International Relations Theory Today*

S.H. Hoffman: *Essays in Theory and Politics of International Relations*.

K.J. Holsti: *International Politics: A Framework for Analysis*.

J. Frankel: *The Making of Foreign Policy*.

J. Frankel: *Contemporary International Theory and Behaviour of States*.

J. Bennett: *International Organizations*.

J. Bandopadhyay: *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*.

D.A. Baldwin ed.: *Neo-realism and Neo-liberalism*.

M. Smith and R. Little: *Perspectives on World Politics*.

P.R. Viotti and M.V. Kauppi: *International Relations and World Politics*.

Muchkund Dubey: *India's Foreign Policy: Coping with the Changing World*.

Peu Ghosh: *International Relations*.

S.D. Muni: *Indian Foreign Policy: The Democracy Dimension*.

K.P. Bajpai and H.V. Panth: *India's Foreign Policy--- A Reader*.

Sumit Ganguly: *India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospect*.

V. P. Dutt: *India's Foreign Policy since Independence*.

V.P. Dutt: *Indian Foreign Policy in a Changing World*.

## **4.3 Paper X- Indian Political Thought-I**

### **I. Traditions of Pre-colonial Indian Political Thought (8 lectures)**

- a. Brahmanic and Shramanic
- b. Islamic and Syncretic.

### **II. Ved Vyasa (Shantiparva): Rajadharma (5 lectures)**

### **III. Manu: Social Laws (6 lectures)**

### **IV. Kautilya: Theory of State (7 lectures)**

### **V. Barani: Ideal Polity (6 lectures)**

### **VI. Abul Fazal: Monarchy (6 lectures)**

### **VII. Kabir: Syncretism (5 lectures)**

#### **Reading Reference:**

R.S. Sharma: Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India.

Saiyid Athar Abbas Rizvi – A History of Sufism in India (Vol.2)

Amit Dey – Sufism in India V.R. Mehta: Foundation of Indian Political Thought.

T. Pantham, and K. Deutsch (eds.), Political Thought in Modern India.

A. Altekar, (1958) 'The Kingship', in State and Government in Ancient India, 3rd edition

Advaita Ashram: Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda.

U.N. Ghosal: The History of Hindu Political Theories.

J. Bandopadhyay: Social and Political Thought of Gandhi

D.D. Kosambi: Ancient India. Romila Thapar: From Lineages to State.

K.A. Nizami ed.: Politics and Society during the Early Medieval Period.

B. Bhattacharya: Evolution of the Political Philosophy of Gandhi.

B.R. Nanda: Gandhi and His Critics.

Partha Chatterjee: Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World.

Rabindranath Tagore: Nationalism.

Sudipta Kaviraj: The Unhappy Consciousness: Bankimchandra Chattopadhyay and the Formation of Nationalist Discourse in India.

Bidyut Chakrabarty and R.K. Pandey: Modern Indian Political Thought--- Text and Context.

## **5.1 Paper XI- Global Politics since 1945**

**I. Post World War World** : An Overview; Globalization : Conceptions and Perspective

II. Europe in Transition : European Union, Brexit (overview)

III. Major Institutions of Global Governance : World Bank, IMF, WTO – Overview

Major Regional Organizations : ASEAN, OPEC, SAFTA, SAARC & BRICS. West Asia and the Palestine Question

IV. India and her Neighbors (a). Pakistan; Bangladesh

India and her Neighbors (b). Nepal, Bhutan , Srilanka

V. UNO : Background ; Major Organs – General Assembly, Security Council & Secretariat ( with Focus on Secretary General)

Role of UNO in Peace Keeping, Human Rights and Development (Millennium Development Goals and Sustainable Development Goals).

### **Reading Reference:**

P. Calvocoressi: World Politics since 1945 (latest edition).

R. Mansbach and K. Taylor, (2012) Introduction to Global Politics

J. Baylis and S. Smith (eds), The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations

G. Ritzer: Globalization--- A Basic Text.

J.A. Moore, Jr. and J. Pubantz: The New United Nations.

S. Juyal and B. Ramesh Babu: The United Nations and World Peace.

K. Bajpai and H.C. Shukul eds.: Interpreting World Politics.

J. Baylis and S. Smith: The Globalization of World Politics.

L.M. Goodriche: The UN in Changing World.

M.S. Rajan: Essays in Non-Alignment and UN.

Alvin Y. So: Development and Social Change.

J. Haynes: Third World Politics.

Ankie Hoogvelt: Globalization and the Postcolonial World

N.O. Sullivan ed.: Terrorism, Ideology and Revolution.

D. Nayyar: Governing Globalization.

G. Ritzer: Globalization--- A Basic Text.

S.D. Muni: Responding to Terrorism in South Asia.

Peter Burnel: Politics in the Developing World.

B.C. Smith: Understanding Third World Politics.

Björn Hettne: Development Theory and the Three Worlds.

## **5.2 Paper XII- Indian Political Thought-II**

**I. Introduction to Modern Indian Political Thought (4 lectures)**

**II. Rammohan Roy: Rights (4 lectures)**

**III. Pandita Ramabai: Gender (4 lectures)**

**IV. Vivekananda: Ideal Society (5 lectures)**

**V. Gandhi: Swaraj (5 lectures)**

**VI. Ambedkar: Social Justice (5 lectures)**

**VII. Tagore: Critique of Nationalism (4 lectures)**

**VIII. Iqbal: Community (5 lectures)**

**IX. Savarkar: Hindutva (4 lectures)**

**X. Nehru: Secularism (4 lectures)**

**XI. Lohia: Socialism (4 lectures)**

**Readings Reference:**

- R.S. Sharma: Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India.  
Saiyid Athar Abbas Rizvi – A History of Sufism in India (Vol.2)  
Amit Dey – Sufism in India  
V.R. Mehta: Foundation of Indian Political Thought.  
T. Pantham, and K. Deutsch (eds.), Political Thought in Modern India.  
A. Altekar, (1958) 'The Kingship', in State and Government in Ancient India, 3rd edition  
Advaita Ashram: Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda.  
U.N. Ghosal: The History of Hindu Political Theories.  
J. Bandopadhyay: Social and Political Thought of Gandhi  
D.D. Kosambi: Ancient India. Romila Thapar: From Lineages to State.  
K.A. Nizami ed.: Politics and Society during the Early Medieval Period.  
B. Bhattacharya: Evolution of the Political Philosophy of Gandhi.  
B.R. Nanda: Gandhi and His Critics.  
Partha Chatterjee: Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World.  
Rabindranath Tagore: Nationalism.  
Sudipta Kaviraj: The Unhappy Consciousness: Bankimchandra Chattopadhyay and the Formation of Nationalist Discourse in India.  
Bidyut Chakrabarty and R.K. Pandey: Modern Indian Political Thought--- Text and Context.

## **6.1 Paper XIII- PERSPECTIVES ON PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

**I. Nature , Scope and Evolution of Public Administration - Public and Private Administration – Principle of Socialist Management**

**II. Challenges to Discipline of Public Administration and Responses : New Public Administration, Comparative Public Administration, Development Public Administration**

**III. Major Concepts of Administration : a). Hierarchy b). Unity of Command c) Span of Control d) Authority e) Centralization, Decentralization & Delegation f) Line & Staff**

**IV. Administrative Processes : a) Decision Making b) Communication & Control c) Leadership d) Coordination**

**V. Bureaucracy : Views of Marx and Maxweber**

**VI. Ecological Approach to Public Administration : Riggsian Model**

**VII. Public Administration in the era of Globalization, Liberalization and Privatisation**

**Governance : Conceptual Emergence , Distinction with Government. E-Governance : Features & Significance**

**VIII. Public Policy : Definition, Characteristics, Models, Policy Implementation.**

**Reading Reference:**

Nicholas Henry: Public Administration and the State.

W. Wilson, (2004) 'The Study of Administration', in

B. Chakrabarty and M. Bhattacharya (eds), Administrative Change and Innovation: a Reader, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 85-101

Mohit Bhattacharya: Public Administration: Structure, Process and Behaviour.

M. Bhattacharya, Public Administration: Issues and Perspectives.

A. Avasthi and S. Avasthi: Pubic Administration.

M. Bhattacharya: Restructuring Public Administration.

B. Chakrabarty: Public Administration: From Government to Governance.

B. Chakrabarty and M. Bhattacharya eds.: Pubic Administration: A Reader.

B. Chakrabarty and M. Bhattacharya eds.: The Governance Discourse.

Shivani Singh: Governance: Issues and Challenges.

M.P. Sharma: Public Administration in Theory and Practice.

Rumki Basu: Public Administration: Concepts and Theories.

G.H. Frederickson: New Public Administration.

R. Prasad et al. eds.: Administrative Thinkers. 16

S.R. Maheswari: Administrative Theory.

Ramesh Arora: Comparative Public Administration.

R.K. Sapru: Development Administration.

M. Bhattacharya: New Horizons of Public Administration.

T. Dye, (1984) Understanding Public Policy, 5th Edition. Xun Wu,

M.Ramesh, Michael Howlett and Scott Fritzen, The Public Policy Primer: Managing The Policy Process.

Prabir Kumar De, Public Policy and Systems,

B. Chakrabarty and P. Chand: Public Administration in a Globalizing World: Theories and Practices.

U. Medury, Public administration in the Globalisation Era.

Additional Reading: The Oxford Handbook of Public Policy.

## **6.2 Paper XIV- ADMINISTRATION & PUBLIC POLICY IN INDIA**

### **I. Continuity and Change in Indian Administration : Brief Historical Overview**

- a). Civil Service in India (Bureaucracy) : Recruitment and Training**
- b). Organization of Union Government : Secretariat Administration, PMO, Cabinet Secretariat**
- c). Organization of State Government : Chief Secretary**
- d). District Administration : Role of District Magistrate, SDO, BDO**

### **II.**

- a). Local Self Government : Corporations , Municipalities & Panchayats in West Bengal ( Structure & Functions) : 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> amendment Overview**
- b). Planning : Planning Commission ; National Development Council ; District Planning ; Chaning nature of Planning : NITI ayog**
- c). Budget – Concept & Significance**
- d). Financial Administration : Public Accounts Committee, Estimate Committee; Role of CAG Citizen and Administration : Functions of Lokpal & lokayukt. Right to Information – Citizen Charter**



**e).Citizen and Social Welfare Policies : MGNREGA, Sarba Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA); National Health Mission.**

**Readings:**

Bidyut Chakrabarty, Reinventing Public Administration: The Indian Experience.

S. R. Maheswari: Indian Administration.

R.B. Jain: Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration.

B. Chakrabarty and P. Chand: Indian Administration.

Noorjahan Bava, Development Policies and Administration in India.

Satyajit Singh and Pradeep K. Sharma [eds.] Decentralisation: Institutions and Politics in Rural India.

Basu Rumki: Public Administration in India Mandates, Performance and Future Perspectives.

A.Celestine: How to Read the Union Budget PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, Available at <http://www.prsindia.org/parliamenttrack/primers/how-to-read-the-union-budget-1023/> Primer on the Budget Process published by PRS, Available

at <http://www.prsindia.org/parliamenttrack/primers/the-budget-process-484/>

R.V. Vaidyanatha Ayyar, Public Policy Making In India, Pearson. 17

B. Chakrabarty and P. Chand: Public Policy: Concepts, Theory and Practice.

S. Singh and P. Sharma: Decentralization: Institutions and Politics in Rural India.

Anil Jana ed.: Decentralizing Rural Governance and Development.

P. Datta: Panchayats, Rural Development and Local Autonomy: the West Bengal Experience.

A. Mukhopadhyay: Panchayat Administration in West Bengal

**Guidelines:**

i) For very contemporary topics, such as, NITI Ayog and MGNREGA, the respective official websites may be consulted.

ii) For supplementary readings, relevant reputed websites of recognized academic credential may be legally accessed.

iii) Bengali books cited in a particular course may be used in another related course, if found relevant

## **SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (SEC) ( for HONS Students)**

### **SEC-1 Title: Parliamentary Procedures in India**

1. Presidents Address,
2. Parliamentary Procedure when the House is in session: Role of the Speaker – Speaker in Action, Voting, Division, Speaker Rulling ; Question Hour, Zero Hour, Stared and Unstarred question.
3. Various Motions: Adjournment motion, Calling Attention motion, Mentions, Casting vote, No-confidence motion, Resolutions, Cut motion, well of the House, Treasury and Opposition Benches, Lobbies.

**Reading Reference:** Teachers will recommended any relevant books/articles/e-resource when need

### **SEC-2 (HONS)**

#### **Title: Democratic Awareness and Recent Legislations**

1. National Human Rights Commission: Objectives and compliant procedures.
2. National Commission for Women: Objectives and functions.
3. Right to Information Act, 2005& Right to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009.
4. Consumer Court with Spl. Ref. to Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

**Reading Reference:** Teachers will recommended any relevant books/articles/e-resource when need

**B) Generic Elective-1**  
**(Interdisciplinary):**  
**COURSES FOR 1<sup>st</sup> SEMESTER**

**1. Nationalism in India**

**I. Approaches to the Study of Nationalism in India (8 lectures)**

Nationalist, Imperialist, Marxist, and Subaltern Interpretations

**II. Reformism and Anti-Reformism in the Nineteenth Century (8 lectures)**

Major Social and Religious Movements in 19th century

**III. Nationalist Politics and Expansion of its Social Base (18 lectures)**

a. Phases of Nationalist Movement: Liberal Constitutionalists, Swadeshi and the Radicals; Beginning of Constitutionalism in India

b. Gandhi and Mass Mobilisation: Non-Cooperation Movement, Civil Disobedience Movement, and Quit India Movement

c. Socialist Alternatives: Congress Socialists, Communists

**IV. Social Movements (8 lectures)**

a. The Women's Question: Participation in the National Movement and its Impact

b. The Caste Question: Anti-Brahminical Politics

c. Peasant, Tribals and Workers Movements

**V. Partition and Independence (6 lectures)**

a. Communalism in Indian Politics

b. The Two-Nation Theory, Negotiations over Partition

**Reading List**

I. Approaches to the Study of Nationalism in India Essential Readings: S. Bandopadhyay, (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India, New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 184-191.

R. Thapar, (2000) 'Interpretations of Colonial History: Colonial, Nationalist, Post-colonial', in P. DeSouza, (ed.) Contemporary India: Transitions, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. 25-36.

## **II. Reformism and Anti-Reformism in the Nineteenth Century**

### **Essential Readings:**

S. Bandopadhyay, (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India, New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp.139-158, 234-276.

A. Sen, (2007) 'The idea of Social Reform and its Critique among Hindus of Nineteenth Century India', in S. Bhattacharya, (ed.) Development of Modern Indian Thought and the Social Sciences, Vol. X. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

## **III. Nationalist Politics and Expansion of its Social Base**

Essential Readings: S. Bandopadhyay, (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 279-311.

S. Sarkar, (1983) Modern India (1885-1947), New Delh

## **IV. Social Movements**

### **Essential Readings:**

S. Bandopadhyay, (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A history of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 342-357, 369-381.

G. Shah, (2002) Social Movements and the State, New Delhi: Sage, pp. 13-31

## **V. Partition and Independence**

A. Jalal, and S. Bose, (1997) Modern South Asia: History, Culture, and Political Economy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 135-156.

A. Nandy, (2005) Rashtravad banam Deshbhakti Translated by A. Dubey, New Delhi: Vani Prakashan. pp. 23-33. (The original essay in English is from A. Nandy, (1994) New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-8.)

### **Additional Readings:**

B. Chakrabarty and R. Pandey, (2010) Modern Indian Political Thought, New Delhi: Sage Publications.

P. Chatterjee, (1993) The Nation and its Fragments: Colonial and Postcolonial Histories, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

R. Pradhan, (2008) Raj to Swaraj, New Delhi: Macmillan (Available in Hindi). S. Islam, (2006) Bharat Mein Algaovaad aur Dharm, New Delhi: Vani Prakashan.

## (Generic-2)

### COURSES FOR 2<sup>ND</sup> SEMESTER

#### UNITED NATIONS AND GLOBAL CONFLICTS

6 Credit (Full Marks -75)

##### I. The United Nations (29 Lectures)

- (a) An Historical Overview of the United Nations
- (b) Principles and Objectives
- (c) Structures and Functions: General Assembly; Security Council, and Economic and Social Council; the International Court of Justice and the specialised agencies (International Labour Organisation [ILO], United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation [UNESCO], World Health Organisation [WHO], and UN programmes and funds: United Nations Children's Fund [UNICEF], United Nations Development Programme [UNDP], United Nations Environment Programme [UNEP], United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees [UNHCR])
- (d) Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Enforcement, Peace Building and Responsibility to Protect
- (e) Millennium Development Goals

##### II. Major Global Conflicts since the Second World War (20 Lectures)

- (a) Korean War
- (b) Vietnam War
- (c) Afghanistan Wars
- (d) Balkans: Serbia and Bosnia

##### III. Assessment of the United Nations as an International Organisation: Imperatives of Reforms and the Process of Reforms (11 Lectures)

#### Reading Reference

I. The United Nations (a) An Historical Overview of the United Nations Moore, J.A. Jr. and Pubantz, J. (2008) The new United Nations. Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 39-62.

Goldstein, J. and Pevehouse, J.C. (2006) International relations. 6th edn. New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 265-282.

Taylor, P. and Groom, A.J.R. (eds.) (2000) The United Nations at the millennium. London: Continuum, pp. 1-20.

Gareis, S.B. and Warwick, J. (2005) The United Nations: an introduction. Basingstoke: Palgrave, pp. 1-40. Gowan, P. (2010)

'US: UN', in Gowan, P. 'A calculus of power: grand strategy in the twentyfirst century. London: Verso, pp. 47-71.

Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) The globalization of world politics. an introduction to international relations. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 405-422.

Thakur, R. (1998) 'Introduction', in Thakur, R. (eds.) Past imperfect, future uncertain: The UN at Fifty. London: Macmillan, pp. 1-14.

Basu, Rumki (2014) United Nations: Structure and Functions of an international organization, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers

## **B) Generic Elective-3**

**(Interdisciplinary):**

### **COURSES FOR 3<sup>RD</sup> SEMESTER**

## **Indian Nationalism and Social Movements**

### **I. Approaches to the Study of Nationalism in India (8 lectures)**

Liberal and Marxist

### **II. Reformism and Anti-Reformism in the Nineteenth Century (8 lectures)**

Major Social and Religious Movements in 19th century

### **III. Nationalist Politics and Expansion of its Social Base (18 lectures)**

a. Awakening of Indian Nationalism : Birth of Indian National Congress ; Moderates and Extremist ; Swadeshi and the Radicals; Formation of Muslim League

b. Gandhi and Mass Mobilisation: Non-Cooperation Movement, Civil Disobedience Movement, and Quit India Movement

c. Socialist Alternatives: Congress Socialists, Communists

### **IV. Social Movements (8 lectures)**

a. The Women's Question: Participation in the National Movement and its Impact

b. Peasant, Tribals, Workers Movements and Dalit's Movement

### **V. Partition and Independence (6 lectures)**

a. Communalism in Indian Politics

b. Azad Hind Fauz, INA Trial and RIN uprising

c). The Two-Nation Theory, Negotiations over Partition

## **(Generic-4)**

### **COURSES FOR 4th SEMESTER**

**UNITED NATIONS AND MAJOR GLOBAL CONFLICTS  
Marks -75)**

**6 Credit (Full**

#### **I. The United Nations (29 Lectures)**

- (a) An Historical Overview of the United Nations
- (b) Principles and Objectives
- (c) Structures and Functions: General Assembly; Security Council, and Economic and Social Council; the International Court of Justice and the specialised agencies (International Labour Organisation [ILO], United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation [UNESCO], World Health Organisation [WHO], and UN programmes and funds: United Nations Children's Fund [UNICEF], United Nations Development Programme [UNDP], United Nations Environment Programme [UNEP], United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees [UNHCR])
- (d) Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Enforcement, Peace Building and Responsibility to Protect
- (e) Millennium Development Goals

#### **II. Major Global Conflicts since the Second World War (20 Lectures)**

- (a) Korean War
- (b) Vietnam War
- (c) Afghanistan Wars
- (d) Balkans: Serbia and Bosnia

#### **III. Assessment of the United Nations as an International Organisation: Imperatives of Reforms and the Process of Reforms (11 Lectures)**

# Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)

## DSE-1

### **Introduction to Human Rights**

#### **Outline**

#### **1. Conceptual Background of Human Rights and Duties**

- a. Concepts of Human Rights
- b. Classifications of Human Rights
- c. Historical and Philosophical Development of Human Rights.

#### **2. Theories of Human Rights (Different theories of human rights)**

- a. Natural Rights Theory
- b. Social Contract Theory
- c. Legal/Positivist Theory
- d. Utilitarian Theory

#### **3. International Bill of Human Rights**

- a. Universal Declaration on Human Rights (UDHR)
- b. International Covenant on the Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR)
- c. International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR)

#### **4. Role of United Nation in Promoting Human Rights**

- a. Role of United Nation Charter in Promoting Human Rights
- b. Role of UN bodies in Promoting Human Rights Reading

#### **References:**

1. Chakravarti, Raghubir. (2002). Human Rights and the United Nations: Kolkata: Progressive Publishers.
2. Sen, A. N. and Bhawa, Siddharth. (2005). Human Rights, Faridabad: Sri Sai Law Publications
3. Sharma, Gopal. (2015). Theory and Practice of Human Rights: The Indian Context. Kolkata: Rupali Publishers.
4. Singh Sehgal, B.P. (1999). Human Rights in India: Problems and Prospects. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications
5. O'Byrne, Daren J. (2005). Human Rights: An Introduction. New Delhi: India Social Institute.
6. Rai Chowdhuri, Payel. (2015). Manabodhikar O Manab-unnoyon. Kolkata: Progressiv



## **DSE-2**

# **Human Rights Protection Acts in India**

### **Outline**

#### **1. Various Human Rights Protection Act in India**

- a. Protection of Human Rights Act
- b. Right to Education Act
- c. Protection of Environmental Rights Act
- d. Consumer Protection Act
- e. Juvenile Justice Act
- f. Domestic Violence against Women Act
- g. Dowry Prohibition Act. Child Marriage(Prohibition) Act

#### **2. Landmark Judgement of the Supreme Court of India**

- a. Sexual Harassment of Women in Workplace
- b. Violence against Women
- c. Trafficking
- d. Child Abuse

#### **3. Important Case Studies on**

- a. Misuse of Women Laws
- b. Violence against men

### **Reading References**

1. Mehta, P. L. Verma, Neena. (1999). Human Rights under The Indian Constitution: The Philosophy and Judicial Gerrymandering. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications.
2. Nirmal, Chiranjivi J. (2002). Human Rights in India: Historical, Social and Political Perspective. Madras: Oxford University Press.
3. Singh, Ajay Kumar. (2014). Human Rights and Social Justice. New Delhi: V L Media Solution

# DSE-3

## Nationalism in India

### **I. Approaches to the Study of Nationalism in India (8 lectures)**

Nationalist, Imperialist, Marxist, and Subaltern Interpretations

### **II. Reformism and Anti-Reformism in the Nineteenth Century (8 lectures)**

Major Social and Religious Movements in 19th century

### **III. Nationalist Politics and Expansion of its Social Base (18 lectures)**

a. Phases of Nationalist Movement: Liberal Constitutionalists, Swadeshi and the Radicals; Beginning of Constitutionalism in India

b. Gandhi and Mass Mobilisation: Non-Cooperation Movement, Civil Disobedience Movement, and Quit India Movement

c. Socialist Alternatives: Congress Socialists, Communists

### **IV. Social Movements (8 lectures)**

a. The Women's Question: Participation in the National Movement and its Impact

b. The Caste Question: Anti-Brahminical Politics

c. Peasant, Tribals and Workers Movements

### **V. Partition and Independence (6 lectures)**

a. Communalism in Indian Politics

b. The Two-Nation Theory, Negotiations over Partition

### **Reading List**

I. Approaches to the Study of Nationalism in India Essential Readings: S. Bandopadhyay, (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India, New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 184-191.

R. Thapar, (2000) 'Interpretations of Colonial History: Colonial, Nationalist, Post-colonial', in P. DeSouza, (ed.) Contemporary India: Transitions, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. 25-36.

Bandopadhyay, (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India, New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp.139-158, 234-276.

A. Sen, (2007) 'The idea of Social Reform and its Critique among Hindus of Nineteenth Century India', in S. Bhattacharya, (ed.) Development of Modern Indian Thought and the Social Sciences, Vol. X. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

: S. Bandopadhyay, (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 279-311.

S. Sarkar, (1983) Modern India (1885-1947), New Delh

S. Bandopadhyay, (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A history of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 342-357, 369-381.

G. Shah, (2002) Social Movements and the State, New Delhi: Sage, pp. 13-31

A. Jalal, and S. Bose, (1997) Modern South Asia: History, Culture, and Political Economy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 135-156.

A. Nandy, (2005) Rashtravad banam Deshbhakti Translated by A. Dubey, New Delhi: Vani Prakashan. pp. 23-33. (The original essay in English is from A. Nandy, (1994) New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-8.)

B. Chakrabarty and R. Pandey, (2010) Modern Indian Political Thought, New Delhi: Sage Publications.

P. Chatterjee, (1993) The Nation and its Fragments: Colonial and Postcolonial Histories, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

R. Pradhan, (2008) Raj to Swaraj, New Delhi: Macmillan (Available in Hindi). S. Islam, (2006) Bharat Mein Algaovaad aur Dharm, New Delhi: Vani Prakashan.

# **Discipline Specific Electives (DSE) for HONS**

## **DSE-4**

### **Indian Foreign Policy**

1. Foreign Policy: meaning and determinants.
2. National Interest as key concept in foreign policy.
3. Instruments of foreign policy: diplomacy; propaganda; military.
4. Evolution of Indian foreign policy.
5. Basic principles of Indian foreign policy.
6. India's Foreign Policy: From a Postcolonial State to an Aspiring Global Power
7. India's Relations with the USA and USSR/Russia
8. India's Engagements with China

#### **Reference:-**

- K.K Ghai, *International Relations: Theory and Practice of International Politics*  
Vinay Kumar Malhotra, *International Relations*, Fourth edition, Vikas Publications.  
Peu Ghosh, *International Relations*, Prentice Hall Publishers.  
Pushpesh Pant, *International Relations in the Twenty-first Century*, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers.  
Prakash Chander and Prem Arora, *International Relations and Comparative Politics*, Cosmos Bookhive Publications.  
Aneek Chatterjee, *Neighbours, Major Powers and Indian Foreign Policy*, Orient Blackswan.  
Prem Arora, *Foreign Policy of India*, Cosmos Bookhive Publishers.