

**RAJA N.L.KHAN WOMEN'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)**  
**CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM**  
**B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**LIST OF PAPERS AND COURSES**

**DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE (DSC)**

1. Paper I- Introduction to Political Theory
2. Paper-II - Indian Government and Politics
3. Paper-III- Comparative Government and Politics
4. Paper-IV- Introduction to International Relations

**Ability Enhancement (Elective) Skill Based (SEC)**

- 1) Democratic Process & Awareness of Recent Legislations
- 2) Parliamentary Procedures in India
- 3) Democratic Awareness and Recent Legislations
- 4) Legislative Procedure & Process in India

**Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE)**

- 1) Indian Foreign Policy
- 2) Administration and Public Policy: Concepts and Theories

**Generic Elective -2 (Interdisciplinary): (GE)**

1. Nationalism in India
- 2) UNITED NATIONS AND MAJOR GLOBAL CONFLICTS

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE (DSC-1)

## Paper I- Introduction to Political Theory

1. a. What is Politics?
- b. What is Political Theory and what is its relevance?
2. Concepts: Democracy, Liberty, Equality, Justice, Rights, Gender, Citizenship, Civil Society and State
3. Debates in Political Theory:
  - a. Is democracy compatible with economic growth?
  - b. On what grounds is censorship justified and what are its limits?
  - c. Does protective discrimination violate principles of fairness?
  - d. Should the State intervene in the institution of the family?

### Readings Reference:

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is Political Theory', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 2-17.

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'Why Do We Need Political Theory', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 18-37.

Sriranjani, V. (2008) 'Liberty', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 40-57.

Acharya, A. (2008) 'Equality', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 58-73.

Menon, K. (2008) 'Justice', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 74-82.

Talukdar, P.S. (2008) 'Rights', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 88-105.

Srinivasan, J. (2008) 'Democracy', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 106-128.

Roy, A. 'Citizenship', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 130-147.

Das, S. (2008) 'State', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 170-187.

Singh, M. (2008) 'Civil Society', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 188-205.

Menon, N. (2008) 'Gender', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 224-235

## **DSC-2**

### **Paper-II - Indian Government and Politics**

- 1) Approaches to the Study of Indian Politics and Nature of the State in India: Liberal, Marxist and Gandhian (09 lectures)
- 2) Indian Constitution: basic features, debates on Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles (09 lectures)
- 3) Institutional Functioning: Prime Minister, Parliament and Judiciary (09 lectures)
- 4) Power Structure in India: Caste, class and patriarchy (07 lectures)
- 5) Religion and Politics: debates on secularism and communalism (06 lectures)
- 6) Parties and Party systems in India (05 lectures)
- 7) Social Movements : Workers, Peasants, Environmental and Women's Movement (10 lectures)
- 8) Strategies of Development in India since Independence: Planned Economy and Neo-liberalism (05 lectures)

#### **READING REFERENCE**

. Abbas, H., Kumar, R. & Alam, M. A. (2011) Indian Government and Politics. New Delhi: Pearson.

Chandhoke, N. & Priyadarshi, P. (eds.) (2009) Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics. New Delhi: Pearson.

Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P. (2006) Indian Government and Politics. New Delhi: Sage.

Chandra, B., Mukherjee, A. & Mukherjee, M. (2010) India After Independence. New Delhi: Penguin.

Singh, M.P. & Saxena, R. (2008) Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns. New Delhi: PHI Learning.

Vanaik, A. & Bhargava, R. (eds.) (2010) *Understanding Contemporary India: Critical Perspectives*. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.

Menon, N. and Nigam, A. (2007) *Power and Contestation: India Since 1989*. London: Zed Book.

Austin, G. (1999) *Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Austin, G. (2004) *Working of a Democratic Constitution of India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Jayal, N. G. & Maheta, P. B. (eds.) (2010) *Oxford Companion to Indian Politics*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

### **DSC-3**

#### **Paper-III- Comparative Government and Politics**

1. Distinction between Comparative Government & comparative politics
2. Major Approaches to the study of Comparative Politics – Institutional approach (Systems approach & Structural Functional approach) Limitations.
3. Classifications of political systems:
  - a) Parliamentary and Presidential: UK and USA – Distinguishing Features
  - b) Federal and Unitary: Switzerland and China Distinguishing Features (15 lectures)
4. Rights of the Citizens : UK, USA, Switzerland & China

#### **READING REFERENCE**

Bara, J & Pennington, M. (eds.). (2009) *Comparative Politics*. New Delhi: Sage. Caramani, D. (ed.). (2008) *Comparative Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Hague, R. and Harrop, M. (2010) *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*. (Eight Edition). London: Palgrave McMillan.

Ishiyama, J.T. and Breuning, M. (eds.). (2011) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book. Los Angeles: Sage.

Newton, K. and Deth, Jan W. V. (2010) Foundations of Comparative Politics: Democracies of the Modern World. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

O'Neil, P. (2009) Essentials of Comparative Politics. (Third Edition). New York: WW. Norton & Company, Inc.

Palekar, S.A. (2009) Comparative Government and Politics. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd

Caramani, D. (2008) 'Introduction to Comparative Politics', in Caramani, D. (ed.) Comparative Politics. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-23.

Mohanty, M. (1975) 'Comparative Political Theory and Third World Sensitivity', in Teaching Politics. Nos. 1 & 2, pp. 22-38.

Webb, E. (2011) 'Totalitarianism and Authoritarianism', in Ishiyama, J. T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book. Los Angeles: Sage, pp. 249-257.

Hague, R. and Harrop, M. (2004) Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction. London: Palgrave McMillan, pp. 36-50, 51-68.

Hague, R and Harrop, M. (2004) 'The Political Executive', in Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction. London: Palgrave McMillan, pp. 268-290.

## **DSC-4**

### **Paper-IV- Introduction to International Relations**

#### 1. Approaches to International Relations

(a) Classical Realism and Neo-Realism

(b) Liberalism & Neo-Liberalism

(c) Feminist Perspective

(d) Marxist approaches

## 2. Cold War & Post-Cold War Era

(a) Second World War & Origins of Cold War

(b) Phases of Cold War: First Cold War Rise and Fall of Detente Second Cold War End of Cold War and Collapse of the Soviet Union

(c) Post Cold- War Era and Emerging Centers of Power (European Union, China, Russia and Japan)

### **READING REFERENCE**

William, P., Goldstein, D. M. and Shafritz, J. M. (eds.) (1999) *Classic Readings of International Relations*. Belmont: Wadsworth Publishing Co, pp. 30-58; 92-126.

Art, R. J. and Jervis, R. (eds.) (1999) *International Political Enduring: Concepts and Contemporary Issues*. 5th Edition. New York: Longman, pp. 7-14; 29-49; 119-126.

Jackson, R. and Sorenson, G. (2008) *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 59-96.

Goldstein, J. and Pevehouse, J.C. (2009) *International Relations*. New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 81-111.

Tickner, J. A. (2001) *Gendering World Politics: Issues and Approaches in the Post-Cold War Era*. Columbia University Press.

Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2011) *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*. Fifth Edition. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 90-123; 142-159; 262-277.

Wenger, A. and Zimmermann, D. (eds.) (2003) *International Relations: From the Cold World War to the Globalized World*. London: Lynne Rienner, pp. 54-89.

Appadorai and Rajan, M. S. (eds.) (1985) *India's Foreign Policy and Relations*. New Delhi: South Asian Publishers.

## **SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (SEC)**

### **SEC-1**

#### **Title: Democratic Process & Awareness of Recent Legislations**

1. Grass root Democratic institutions—Gram Sabha & Gram Sansad and importance of these meetings.
2. The Child labour (Prohibition & Regulation ) Amendment Act, 2016.
3. Domestic Violence Act, 2005 and protection of women.
4. The Sexual Harassment at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressed) Act, 2013.

**Reading Reference:** Teachers will recommended any relevant books/articles/e-resource when need

### **SEC-2**

#### **Title: Parliamentary Procedures in India**

1. Presidents Address,
2. Parliamentary Procedure when the House is in session: Role of the Speaker – Speaker in Action, Voting, Division, Speaker Rulling ; Question Hour, Zero Hour, Stared and Unstarred question.
3. Various Motions: Adjournment motion, Calling Attention motion, Mentions, Casting vote, No-confidence motion, Resolutions, Cut motion, well of the House, Treasury and Opposition Benches, Lobbies.

**Reading Reference:** Teachers will recommended any relevant books/articles/e-resource when need

## **SEC-3**

### **Title: Democratic Awareness and Recent Legislations**

1. National Human Rights Commission: Objectives and compliant procedures.
2. National Commission for Women: Objectives and functions.
3. Right to Information Act, 2005 & Right to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009.
4. Consumer Court with sp. Ref to Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

**Reading Reference:** Teachers will recommended any relevant books/articles/e-resource when need

## **SEC-4**

### **Title: Legislative Procedure & Process in India**

1. Classification of Bills: a) Public Bill or Govt. Bill  
b) Private Members' Bill  
Types of Public Bill: i) Ordinary Bill, (ii) Money Bill and (iii) Financial Bill, (iv) Budget, (v) Vote on Account.
2. Procedure of Passing Bill and Role of president – Type of Committee & Role of Committee
3. Overview of Budget Process, Role of Parliament in reviewing the Union Budget.
4. Role of Opposition in Parliament

**Reading Reference:** Teachers will recommended any relevant books/articles/e-resource when need



# **Discipline Specific Electives (DSE) for General DES-1A**

## **Indian Foreign Policy**

1. Foreign Policy: meaning and determinants.
2. National Interest as key concept in foreign policy.
3. Instruments of foreign policy: diplomacy; propaganda; military.
4. Evolution of Indian foreign policy.
5. Basic principles of Indian foreign policy.
6. India's Foreign Policy: From a Postcolonial State to an Aspiring Global Power
7. India's Relations with the USA and USSR/Russia
8. India's Engagements with China

### **Reference:-**

K.K Ghai, *International Relations: Theory and Practice of International Politics*  
Vinay Kumar Malhotra, *International Relations*, Fourth edition, Vikas Publications.  
Peu Ghosh, *International Relations*, Pretince Hall Publishers.  
Pushpesh Pant, *International Relations in the Twenty-first Century*, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers.  
Prakash Chander and Prem Aroa, *International Relations and Comparative Politics*, Cosmos Bookhive Publicaitons.  
Aneek Chatterjee, *Neighbours, Major Powers and Indian Foreign Policy*, Orient Blackswan.  
Prem Arora, *Foreign Policy of India*, Cosmos Bookhive Publishers.

# **Discipline Specific Electives (DSE) for General**

## **DSE-1B**

**Course Title : Administration and Public Policy: Concepts and Theories**

Credit 06

Course contents :

1. Public administration as a discipline: Meaning, scope and significance of the subject, public and private administration, brief evolution and major approaches, and comparative approaches to public administration. (16 lectures)
2. Administrative theories: the classical theory, scientific management, the human - relation theory, and rational decision-making. (16 lectures)
3. Understanding public policy: concept and theories, relevance of policy making in public administration and process of policy formulation and implementation and evaluation. (14 lectures)
4. From Development Administration to New Public Management. Elements and politics of development administration, the New Public Management paradigm – a critical perspective in the post globalized era

### **Readings:**

#### **Topic 1. Public administration as a discipline**

Awasthi, A. and Maheshwari, S. (2003) *Public Administration*. Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal, pp. 3-12.

Basu, Rumki, (2014) *Public Administration, Concepts and Theories*, Delhi Sterling Publishers

Henry, N. (2003) *Public Administration and Public Affairs*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, pp. 1-52.

#### **Topic 2. Administrative theories**

Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (2005) 'Introduction: Public Administration: Theory and Practice', in Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (eds.) *Public Administration: A Reader*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-50.

Henry, N. (2003) *Public Administration and Public Affairs*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, pp. 53-74.

Mouzelis, N.P. (2005) 'The Ideal Type of Bureaucracy', in Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (eds.) *Public Administration: A Reader*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 88-100.

#### **Topic 3. Development administration**

Bhattacharya, M. (1999) *Restructuring Public Administration: Essays in Rehabilitation*. New

Delhi: Jawahar, pp. 29-70, 85-98.

Bhattacharya, M. (2001) *New Horizons in Public Administration*. New Delhi: Jawahar, pp. 248-272, 301-323.

#### **Topic 4. Understanding public policy**

Dye, T.R. (1975) *Understanding Public Policy*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, pp. 1-38, 265-299.

Dror, Y. (1983) *Public Policy Making Reexamined*. Oxford: Transaction Publication, pp. 129-216.

Bernard, C. (1938) *The Functions of Executive*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.

Esman, M.J. (1986) 'Politics of Development Administration', in Montgomery, J.D. and Siffin, W. (eds.), *Approaches to Development Politics*. New York: McGraw-Hill.

Gant, G.F. (1979) *Development Administration: Concepts, Goals, Methods*. Madison: University of Wisconsin Press.

Kamenka, E. & Krygier, M. (eds.) (1979) *Bureaucracy*. London: Edward Arnold.

Lee, H.B. (ed.) (1953) *Korea: Time, Change and Administration*. Hawai'i: University of Hawai'i Press.

Leftwich, A. (1994) 'Governance, the State and the Politics of Development', *Development and Change*, 25.

March, J. and Simon, H. (1958) *Organization*. New York: Wiley.

Mooney, J. (1954) *The Principles of Organization*. New York: Harper & Row.

Simon, H. (1967) *Administrative Behavior: A Study of Decision Making Process in Administrative Organization*. New York: Macmillan.

Wiedner, E. (ed.) (1970) *Development Administration in Asia*. Durham: Duke University Press.

# Generic Elective-(GE)

(Interdisciplinary):

COURSES FOR 1<sup>st</sup> SEMESTER

## GE-1

### Title : Nationalism in India

#### **I. Approaches to the Study of Nationalism in India (8 lectures)**

Nationalist, Imperialist, Marxist, and Subaltern Interpretations

#### **II. Reformism and Anti-Reformism in the Nineteenth Century (8 lectures)**

Major Social and Religious Movements in 19th century

#### **III. Nationalist Politics and Expansion of its Social Base (18 lectures)**

a. Phases of Nationalist Movement: Liberal Constitutionalists, Swadeshi and the Radicals; Beginning of Constitutionalism in India

b. Gandhi and Mass Mobilisation: Non-Cooperation Movement, Civil Disobedience Movement, and Quit India Movement

c. Socialist Alternatives: Congress Socialists, Communists

#### **IV. Social Movements (8 lectures)**

a. The Women's Question: Participation in the National Movement and its Impact

b. The Caste Question: Anti-Brahminical Politics

c. Peasant, Tribals and Workers Movements

#### **V. Partition and Independence (6 lectures)**

a. Communalism in Indian Politics

b. The Two-Nation Theory, Negotiations over Partition

## Reading Reference

S. Bandopadhyay, (2004) *From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India*, New Delhi: Orient Longman.

R. Thapar, (2000) 'Interpretations of Colonial History: Colonial, Nationalist, Post-colonial', in P. DeSouza, (ed.) *Contemporary India: Transitions*, New Delhi: Sage Publications.

A. Sen, (2007) 'The idea of Social Reform and its Critique among Hindus of Nineteenth Century India', in S. Bhattacharya, (ed.) *Development of Modern Indian Thought and the Social Sciences*, Vol. X. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

S. Sarkar, (1983) *Modern India (1885-1947)*, New Delhi

G. Shah, (2002) *Social Movements and the State*, New Delhi: Sage.

A. Jalal, and S. Bose, (1997) *Modern South Asia: History, Culture, and Political Economy*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

A. Nandy, (2005) *Rashtravad banam Deshbhakti* Translated by A. Dubey, New Delhi: Vani Prakashan. pp. 23-33. (The original essay in English is from A. Nandy, (1994) New Delhi: Oxford University Press

B. Chakrabarty and R. Pandey, (2010) *Modern Indian Political Thought*, New Delhi: Sage Publications.

P. Chatterjee, (1993) *The Nation and its Fragments: Colonial and Postcolonial Histories*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

R. Pradhan, (2008) *Raj to Swaraj*, New Delhi: Macmillan (Available in Hindi). S. Islam, (2006) *Bharat Mein Algaovaad aur Dharm*, New Delhi: Vani Prakashan.

## **(Generic-2)**

### **COURSES FOR 2<sup>ND</sup> SEMESTER**

## **Title : UNITED NATIONS AND GLOBAL CONFLICTS**

**6 Credit (Full Marks -75)**

### **I. The United Nations (29 Lectures)**

- (a) An Historical Overview of the United Nations
- (b) Principles and Objectives
- (c) Structures and Functions: General Assembly; Security Council, and Economic and Social Council; the International Court of Justice and the specialised agencies (International Labour Organisation [ILO], United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation [UNESCO], World Health Organisation [WHO], and UN programmes and funds: United Nations Children's Fund [UNICEF], United Nations Development Programme [UNDP], United Nations Environment Programme [UNEP], United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees [UNHCR])
- (d) Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Enforcement, Peace Building and Responsibility to Protect
- (e) Millennium Development Goals

### **II. Major Global Conflicts since the Second World War (20 Lectures)**

- (a) Korean War
- (b) Vietnam War
- (c) Afghanistan Wars
- (d) Balkans: Serbia and Bosnia

### **III. Assessment of the United Nations as an International Organisation: Imperatives of Reforms and the Process of Reforms (11 Lectures)**

#### **Readings Reference:**

I. The United Nations (a) An Historical Overview of the United Nations Moore, J.A. Jr. and Pubantz, J. (2008) The new United Nations. Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 39-62.

Goldstein, J. and Pevehouse, J.C. (2006) International relations. 6th edn. New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 265-282.

Taylor, P. and Groom, A.J.R. (eds.) (2000) The United Nations at the millennium. London: Continuum, pp. 1-20.

Gareis, S.B. and Varwick, J. (2005) *The United Nations: an introduction*. Basingstoke: Palgrave, pp. 1-40. Gowan, P. (2010)

'US: UN', in Gowan, P. *A calculus of power: grand strategy in the twentyfirst century*. London: Verso, pp. 47-71.

Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) *The globalization of world politics. an introduction to international relations*. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 405-422.

Thakur, R. (1998) 'Introduction', in Thakur, R. (eds.) *Past imperfect, future uncertain: The UN at Ffifty*. London: Macmillan, pp. 1-14.

Basu, Rumki (2014) *United Nations: Structure and Functions of an international organization*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers

## GE-3

### Title : Nationalism in India

#### **I. Approaches to the Study of Nationalism in India (8 lectures)**

Nationalist, Imperialist, Marxist, and Subaltern Interpretations

#### **II. Reformism and Anti-Reformism in the Nineteenth Century (8 lectures)**

Major Social and Religious Movements in 19th century

#### **III. Nationalist Politics and Expansion of its Social Base (18 lectures)**

a. Phases of Nationalist Movement: Liberal Constitutionalists, Swadeshi and the Radicals; Beginning of Constitutionalism in India

b. Gandhi and Mass Mobilisation: Non-Cooperation Movement, Civil Disobedience Movement, and Quit India Movement

c. Socialist Alternatives: Congress Socialists, Communists

#### **IV. Social Movements (8 lectures)**

a. The Women's Question: Participation in the National Movement and its Impact

b. The Caste Question: Anti-Brahminical Politics

c. Peasant, Tribals and Workers Movements

#### **V. Partition and Independence (6 lectures)**

a. Communalism in Indian Politics

b. The Two-Nation Theory, Negotiations over Partition

#### **Reading Reference**

S. Bandopadhyay, (2004) From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India, New Delhi: Orient Longman.



R. Thapar, (2000) 'Interpretations of Colonial History: Colonial, Nationalist, Post-colonial', in P. DeSouza, (ed.) Contemporary India: Transitions, New Delhi: Sage Publications.

A. Sen, (2007) 'The idea of Social Reform and its Critique among Hindus of Nineteenth Century India', in S. Bhattacharya, (ed.) Development of Modern Indian Thought and the Social Sciences, Vol. X. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

S. Sarkar, (1983) Modern India (1885-1947), New Delhi

G. Shah, (2002) Social Movements and the State, New Delhi: Sage.

A. Jalal, and S. Bose, (1997) Modern South Asia: History, Culture, and Political Economy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

A. Nandy, (2005) Rashtravad banam Deshbhakti Translated by A. Dubey, New Delhi: Vani Prakashan. pp. 23-33. (The original essay in English is from A. Nandy, (1994) New Delhi: Oxford University Press

B. Chakrabarty and R. Pandey, (2010) Modern Indian Political Thought, New Delhi: Sage Publications.

P. Chatterjee, (1993) The Nation and its Fragments: Colonial and Postcolonial Histories, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

R. Pradhan, (2008) Raj to Swaraj, New Delhi: Macmillan (Available in Hindi). S. Islam, (2006) Bharat Mein Algaovaad aur Dharm, New Delhi: Vani Prakashan.

## **(Generic-4)**

### **COURSES FOR 4<sup>th</sup> SEMESTER**

## **Title : UNITED NATIONS AND GLOBAL CONFLICTS**

**6 Credit (Full Marks -75)**

### **I. The United Nations (29 Lectures)**

- (a) An Historical Overview of the United Nations
- (b) Principles and Objectives
- (c) Structures and Functions: General Assembly; Security Council, and Economic and Social Council; the International Court of Justice and the specialised agencies (International Labour Organisation [ILO], United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation [UNESCO], World Health Organisation [WHO], and UN programmes and funds: United Nations Children's Fund [UNICEF], United Nations Development Programme [UNDP], United Nations Environment Programme [UNEP], United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees [UNHCR])
- (d) Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Enforcement, Peace Building and Responsibility to Protect
- (e) Millennium Development Goals

### **II. Major Global Conflicts since the Second World War (20 Lectures)**

- (a) Korean War
- (b) Vietnam War
- (c) Afghanistan Wars
- (d) Balkans: Serbia and Bosnia

### **III. Assessment of the United Nations as an International Organisation: Imperatives of Reforms and the Process of Reforms (11 Lectures)**

#### **Readings Reference:**

I. The United Nations (a) An Historical Overview of the United Nations Moore, J.A. Jr. and Pubantz, J. (2008) The new United Nations. Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 39-62.

Goldstein, J. and Pevehouse, J.C. (2006) International relations. 6th edn. New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 265-282.

Taylor, P. and Groom, A.J.R. (eds.) (2000) The United Nations at the millennium. London: Continuum, pp. 1-20.

Gareis, S.B. and Warwick, J. (2005) The United Nations: an introduction. Basingstoke: Palgrave, pp. 1-40. Gowan, P. (2010)

'US: UN', in Gowan, P. 'A calculus of power: grand strategy in the twentyfirst century. London: Verso, pp. 47-71.

Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008) The globalization of world politics. an introduction to international relations. 4th edn. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 405-422.

Thakur, R. (1998) 'Introduction', in Thakur, R. (eds.) Past imperfect, future uncertain: The UN at Fifty. London: Macmillan, pp. 1-14.

Basu, Rumki (2014) United Nations: Structure and Functions of an international organization, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers