

# PROGRAM TO DRAW A LINE USING DDA LINE DRAWING ALGORITHM

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## **C Source Code**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<conio.h>
void LineDDA(float X1,float Y1,float X2,float Y2);
void main()
{
    int gdriver=DETECT,gmode,errorcode;
    initgraph(&gdriver,&gmode,"C:\\tc\\bgi");

    int x1,y1,x2,y2;
    printf("Maximum X -%d Maximum Y -%d\n",getmaxx(),getmaxy());
    printf("Enter first point:-");
    scanf("%d%d",&x1,&y1);
    printf("Enter second point:-");
    scanf("%d%d",&x2,&y2);
    LineDDA(x1,y1,x2,y2);
    getch();
    closegraph();
}

void LineDDA(float X1,float Y1,float X2,float Y2)
{
    float step,XInc,YInc,dX,dY;

    cleardevice();
    dX=X2-X1;
    dY=Y2-Y1;

    if(abs(dX)>abs(dY))
        step=abs(dX);
    else
        step=abs(dY);

    XInc=dX/step;
    YInc=dY/step;

    for(int i=0;i!=step;i++)
    {
        putpixel(X1,Y1,4);
        X1=X1+XInc;
        Y1=Y1+YInc;
    }
}
```

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## OUTPUT

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Maximum X - 639 Maximum Y - 479

Enter first point : 60 30

Enter second point : 400 300

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# PROGRAM TO DRAW A LINE USING BRESENHAM'S LINE DRAWING ALGORITHM.

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## C Source Code

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<math.h>

void lineBresenham(int X1,int Y1,int X2,int Y2);
void main()
{
    int gd=DETECT,gm;
    int x1,x2,y1,y2;

    initgraph(&gd,&gm,"c:\\tc\\bgi");

    printf("Enter Starting Point:");
    scanf("%d%d",&x1,&y1);
    printf("Enter End Point:");
    scanf("%d%d",&x2,&y2);

    lineBresenham(x1,y1,x2,y2);
    getch();
    closegraph();
}
void lineBresenham(int X1,int Y1,int X2,int Y2)
{
    int dX,dY,temp,swap,s1,s2,P,n;
    cleardevice();
    dX=abs(X2-X1);
    dY=abs(Y2-Y1);
    s1=(X2-X1)/dX;
    s2=(Y2-Y1)/dY;

    if(dY>dX)
    {
        temp=dX;
        dX=dY;
        dY=temp;
        swap=1;
    }
    else
        swap=0;
```

```
n=1;
P=2*dY-dX;
do
{
  putpixel(X1,Y1,4);

  if(P>=0)
  {
    X1=X1+s1;
    Y1=Y1+s2;
    P=P+2*(dY-dX);
  }
else
{
  if(swap==1)
    Y1=Y1+s2;
  else
    X1=X1+s1;
  P=P+2*dY;
}
n=n+1;
}while(n<=dX);
}
```

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OUTPUT

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Enter starting point : 60 30

Enter end point : 400 300

# PROGRAM TO DRAW A MIRROR IMAGE OF A GIVEN LINE WITH RESPECT TO Y-AXIS

## C Source Code

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<math.h>
void mir(int,int,int,int);
void main()
{
int gdriver=DETECT,gmode,x1,x2,y1,y2;
clrscr();
printf("\n \t Enter starting co-ordinate:");
scanf("%d%d",&x1,&y1);
printf("\n \t Enter ending co-ordinate:");
scanf("%d%d",&x2,&y2);
initgraph(&gdriver,&gmode,"c:\\tc\\bgi");
mir(x1,x2,y1,y2);
getch();
}
void mir(int x1,int x2,int y1,int y2)
{
int mX,mY;
mX=getmaxx();
mY=getmaxy();
x1=x1%(mX/2);
x2=x2%(mX/2);
cleardevice();
setcolor(1);

line((mX/2),0,mX/2,mY) ;

setcolor(11);

line((mX/2)+x1,y1,(mX/2)+x2,y2);
line((mX/2)-x1,y1,(mX/2)-x2,y2);
}
```

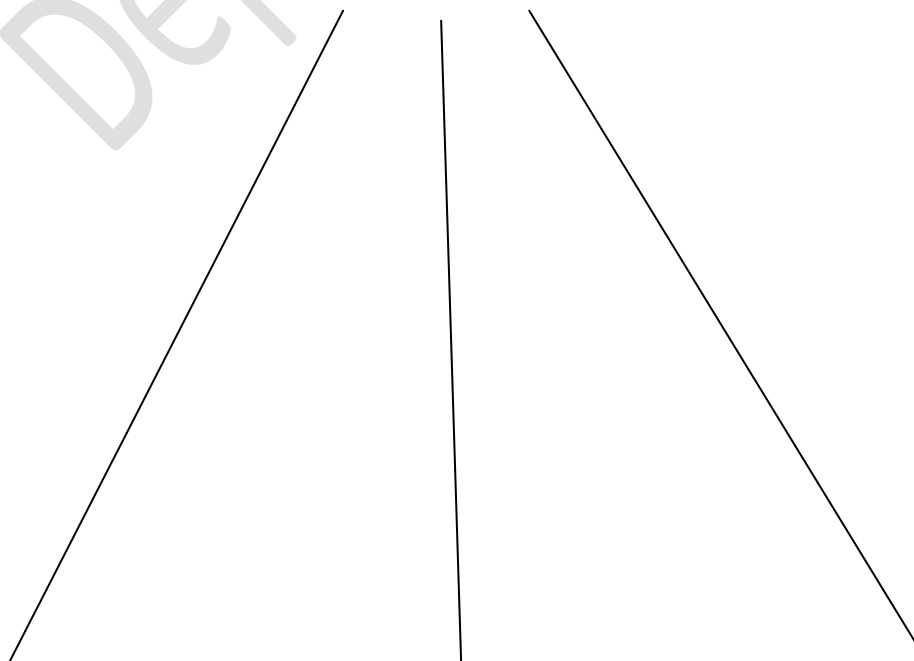
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## OUTPUT

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Enter starting co-ordinate :- 100 30

Enter ending co-ordinate :- 300 400



# PROGRAM TO DRAW A CIRCLE USING BRESENHAM'S CIRCLE DRAWING ALGORITHM

## C source code

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<graphics.h>
void BresCircle(int,int,int);
void PutPixel(int,int,int,int);

void main()
{
    int gd=DETECT,gm;
    int Xc,Yc,R;
    initgraph(&gd,&gm,"c:\\tc\\bgi");

    printf("\n Enter the center of the circle:-");
    scanf("%d%d",&Xc,&Yc);

    printf("\n \t Enter the radius of the circle:-");
    scanf("%d",&R);

    BresCircle(Xc,Yc,R);

    getch();
    closegraph();
}

void BresCircle(int Xc,int Yc,int R)
{
    int P,X,Y,col;

    P=3-2*R;
    X=0;
    Y=R;
    do
    {
        PutPixel(X,Y,Xc,Yc);
```

```
X=X+1;
if(P<0)
{
P=P+4*X+6;
}
else
{
Y=Y-1;
P=P+4*(X-Y)+10;
}
}while(X<R/sqrt(2));
}
```

```
void PutPixel(int X,int Y,int Xc,int Yc)
{
putpixel(Xc+X,Yc+Y,3);
putpixel(Xc+X,Yc-Y,3);
putpixel(Xc-X,Yc+Y,3);
putpixel(Xc-X,Yc-Y,3);
putpixel(Xc+Y,Yc+X,3);
putpixel(Xc+Y,Yc-X,3);
putpixel(Xc-Y,Yc+X,3);
putpixel(Xc-Y,Yc-X,3);
}
```

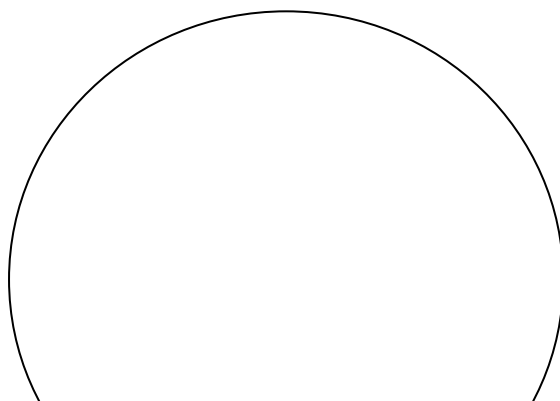
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OUTPUT

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Enter the co-ordinate of the centre : 200 150

Enter the radius of the circle : 100





# PROGRAM TO DRAW A CIRCLE USING MIDPOINT CIRCLE DRAWING ALGORITHM

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## **C source code**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<graphics.h>
void circleMidPoint(int,int,int);

void main()
{
int x,y,radius,gd=DETECT,gm;
clrscr();
initgraph(&gd,&gm,"c:\\tc\\bgi");
printf("Enter the coordinate of the centre:-");
scanf("%d%d",&x,&y);
printf("Enter the radius of the circle:-");
scanf("%d",&radius);
circleMidPoint(x,y,radius);
getch();
closegraph();
}
void circleMidGraph(int Xc,int Yc,int R)
{
float X=0,Y=R;
float P;

do
{
putpixel(Xc+X,Yc+Y,3);
putpixel(Xc-X,Yc+Y,3);
putpixel(Xc+X,Yc-Y,3);
putpixel(Xc-X,Yc-Y,3);
putpixel(Xc+Y,Yc+X,3);
putpixel(Xc-Y,Yc+X,3);
```

```
putpixel(Xc+Y,Yc-X,3);
putpixel(Xc-Y,Yc-X,3);

++X;
P=pow(X,2)+pow((Y-0.5),2)-pow(R,2);
if(P>=0)
--Y;
}while(X<Y);
}
```

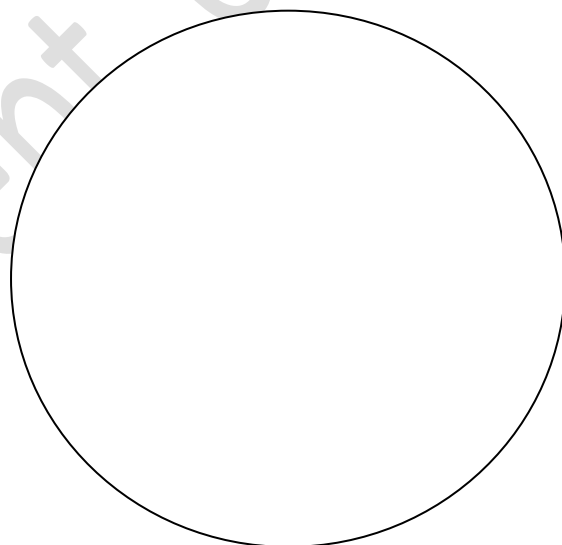
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OUTPUT

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Enter the co-ordinate of the centre : 200 150

Enter the radius of the circle : 100



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